COMMUNITY DATA PROFILES

2024 Town Hall: Brisbane





QCOSS acknowledges Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as the original inhabitants of Australia and recognises these unique cultures as part of the cultural heritage of all Australians. We pay respect to the Elders of this land; past and present.

CONTEXT MEASURES - POLICY AREAS

Community Services

- Estimated Resident Population
- Population Projections
- ACSS demand
- Cost Increases
- Infoxchange Community Services Directory Searches

Housing and Homelessness

- Social Housing Register
- Allocations to Community Housing
- Government Managed Tenancies
- Specialist Homelessness Services
- Median Rents (RTA)

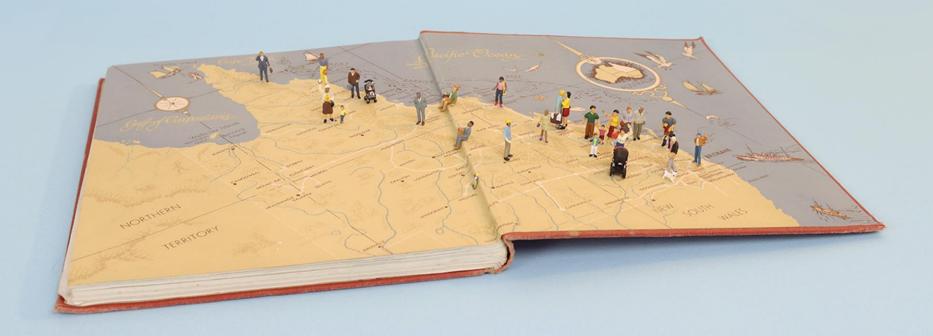
Cost of Living

- DSS
- JobSeeker and Youth Allowance
- State Penalties Enforcement Registry (SPER)
- Energy Hardship

Children and Families

- Child Protection Child Protection Regions
- Youth Detention Queensland
- QPS (reported offences, offenders & victims)

COMMUNITY SERVICES



Regional Demographic Summary, by Local Government Area

Brisbane







DEMOGRAPHY AND SOCIETY

Estimated Estimated resident resident population population 1M 5M

Projected population 2M

Projected population 7M

Median age 36.0

Median age 38.6

Persons aged 65 years and over 13.3%

Persons aged 65 years and over 16.9%

First Nations 1.8%

First Nations 4.6%

Population growth (annual)

3.1%

Population growth (annual) **2.6%**

Projected growth (annual)

1.0%

(annual) **1.4%**

Projected growth

Projected median age 38.7

Projected median age 41.6

Most disadvantaged quintile 5.4%

Most disadvantaged quintile 20.0%

Persons born overseas 31.8%

Persons born overseas 22.7%

ECONOMIC

Median household income \$2.068 /wk

Median household income \$1.675 /wk

Median personal income \$947 /wk

Median personal income \$787 /wk

Unemployment rate 3.4%

Unemployment rate 3.8%

profile. Accessed at: https://statistics.ggso.qld.gov.au/qld-regional-profiles (Generated 5th April 2024). Estimated resident population and population annual growth: ABS, Regional population, various editions. edition (medium series). Median age and persons aged 65 years and over: ABS, Regional population by age and sex, 2022. Most disadvantaged quintile, First Nations persons, persons born overseas, median household income, median personal income: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2021. Unemployment rate: Jobs and Skills Australia, Small Area Labour Markets, various editions (4-quarter

Data Sources: Queensland Government Statistician's Office, Queensland Regional Profiles: Snapshot

HOUSING

Median house price 740K

Median house price 610K

Dwelling approvals 6K

Dwelling approvals 33K

Dwelling approval growth (annual)

V -16.1%

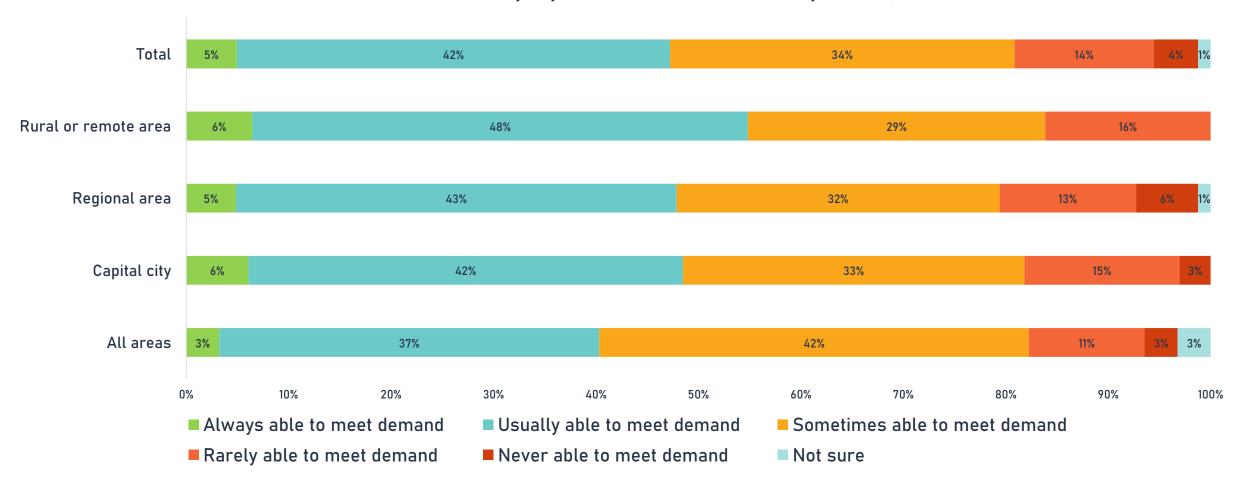
Dwelling approval growth (annual)

▼ -10.8%

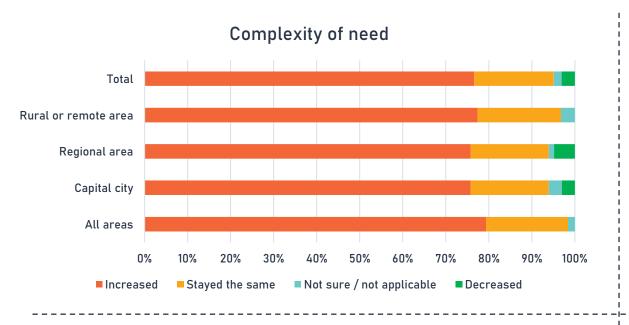
Projected population and projected annual growth: Queensland Government Population Projections, 2023 smoothed series). Median house price: Department of Resources, Office of the Valuer-General, Property Sales. Dwelling approvals and dwelling approval annual growth: ABS, Building Approvals, Australia, various editions. Notes: Population annual growth is growth on the previous year. Projected growth (annual) is the average annual growth over 25 years. Most disadvantaged quintile is based on the Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage. First Nations refers to people who identify as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin. Median personal income is calculated for persons aged 15 years and over. Median household income is for occupied private dwellings. Median house prices are based on 10 or more sales of attached and detached dwellings and sale period based on the contract date. Dwelling approvals and dwelling approval growth refers to residential building approvals including houses, other dwellings, as well as alterations, additions and conversions. Dwelling approval annual growth is on the previous year ending.

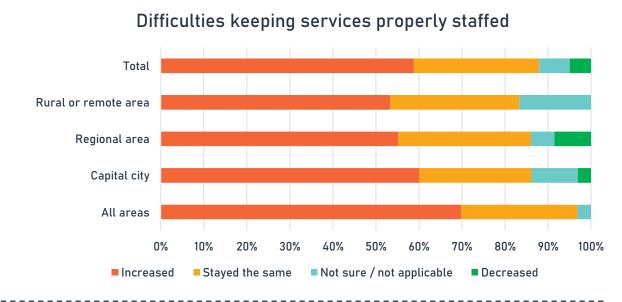
ACSS - COMMUNITY DEMAND (2022)

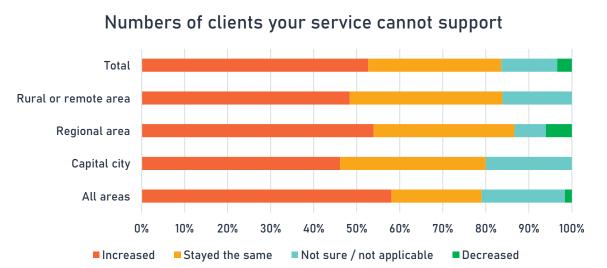
Which statement reflects the ability of your service to meet community demand, so far in 2022?

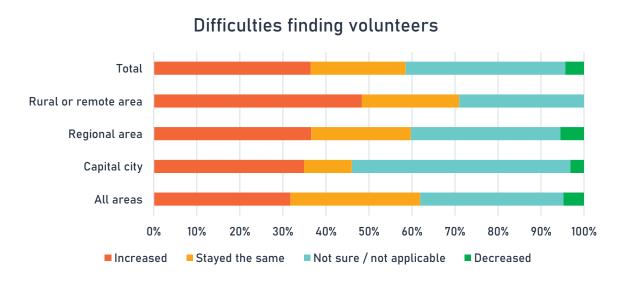


ACSS - COMMUNITY DEMAND (2022)









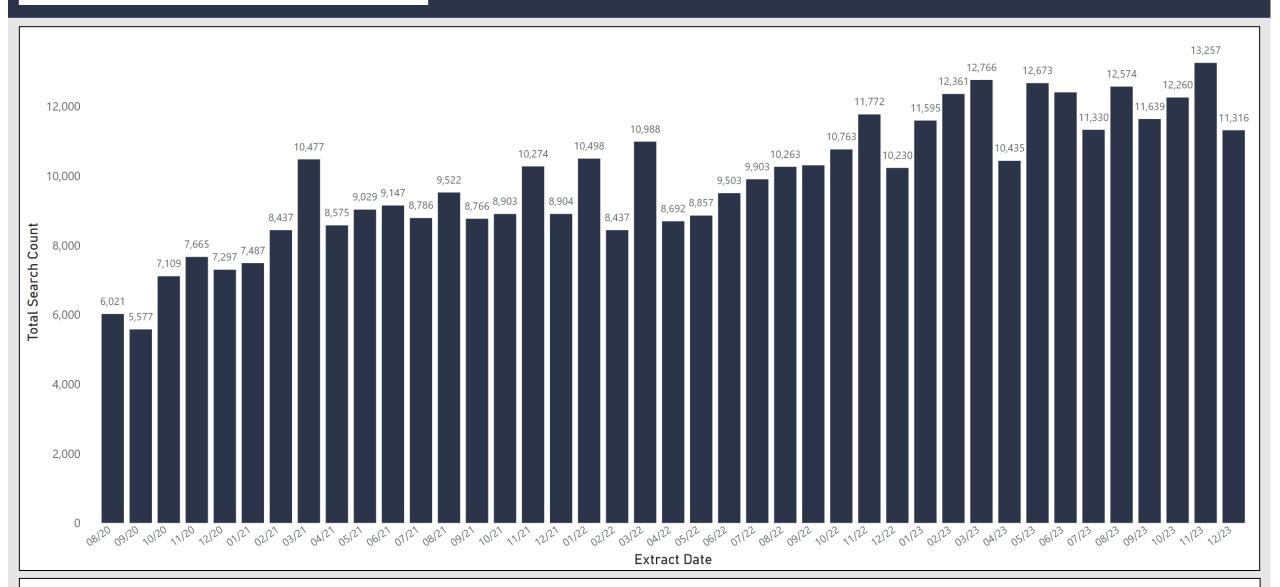
CONTEXT MEASURES - KEY COST CHANGES ACROSS COHORT

MATERIAL COST AREAS	CHANGE: 2019 TO 2020	CHANGE: 2020 TO 2021	CHANGE: 2019 TO 2021	PROPORTION TOTAL COSTS 2020	PROPORTION TOTAL COSTS 2021
Labour	15%	13%	30%	44%	46.15%
Labour On-costs	17%	11%	30%	7.92%	8.09%
Facilities	-27%	26%	-8%	4.40%	5.08%
Marketing	13%	27%	44%	0.25%	0.30%
Quality Control/Compliance	12%	8%	21%	0.55%	0.54%
Audit	29%	-1%	29%	0.15%	0.14%
Consultants	2%	-5%	-3%	1.12%	1.21%
General Insurance	-12%	48%	30%	0.33%	0.45%
Motor Vehicles	-28%	-6%	-32%	1.05%	0.90%
All other costs	26%	3%	30%	15.65%	14.89%
Total Cost Increases	10%	9%	19%		

Infoxchange Service Directory Searches: Statistical Area Level 4, Monthly Timeseries

Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City





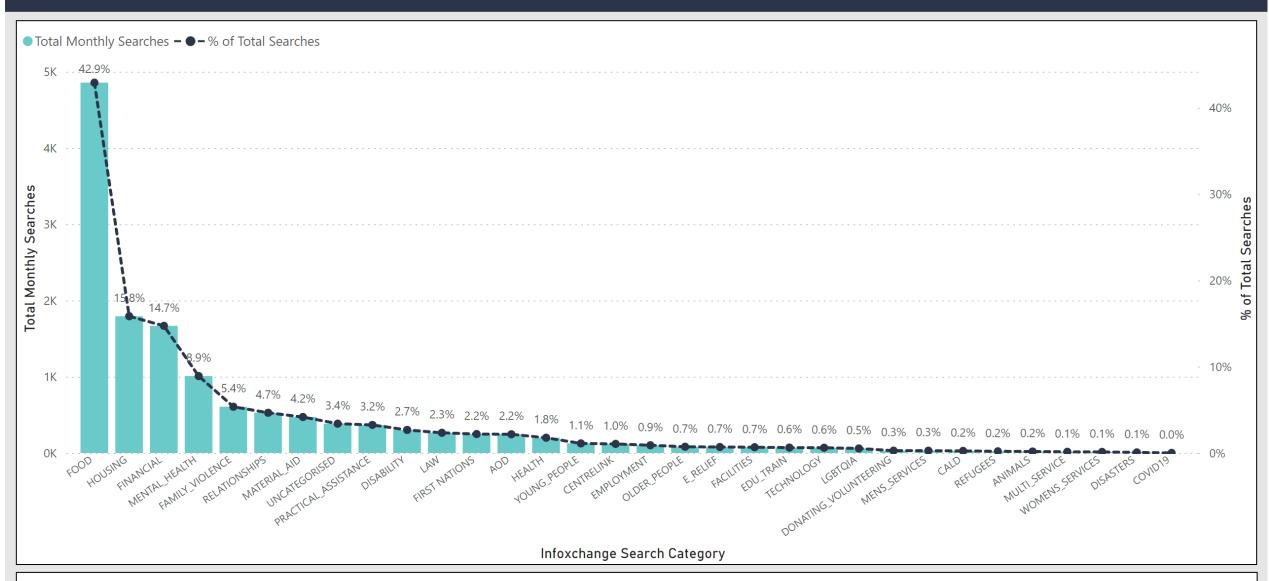
Source: Infoxchange Service Directory Search Data (2024), monthly searches for Queensland - Statistical Area Level 4 and Statistical Area Level 3, customised extract.

Infoxchange Service Directory Searches: Statistical Area Level 4

Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City

12/23





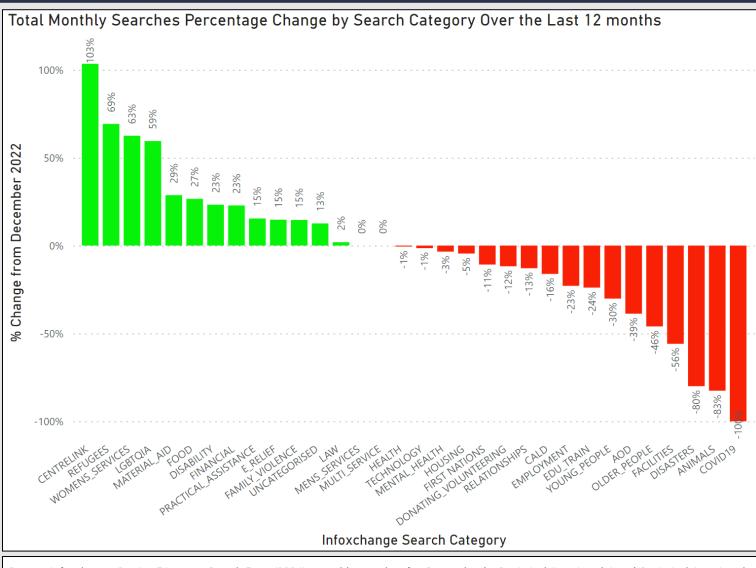
Source: Infoxchange Service Directory Search Data (2024), monthly searches for Queensland - Statistical Area Level 4 and Statistical Area Level 3, customised extract.

Infoxchange Service Directory Searches: Statistical Area Level 4, Monthly Searches

Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City



abel2	December 2022	December 2023	Difference from December 2022	
OOD	3,837	4,857	1020	27% 🗸
INANCIAL	1,357	1,667	310	23% 🗸
MATERIAL_AID	366	471	105	29% 🗸
AMILY_VIOLENCE	529	606	77	15% 🗸
CENTRELINK	58	118	60	103% 🛮
DISABILITY	245	302	57	23% 4
PRACTICAL_ASSISTANCE	318	367	49	15% 🗸
GBTQIA	37	59	22	59% 4
_RELIEF	68	78	10	15% 🛮
REFUGEES	13	22	9	69% 🛚
AW	259	264	5	2% 4
VOMENS_SERVICES	8	13	5	63% 4
MENS_SERVICES	30	30	0	0% 4
HEALTH	200	199	-1	-1%
ECHNOLOGY	69	68	-1	-1% `
OONATING_VOLUNTEERING	34	30	-4	-12%
CALD	31	26	-5	-16%
DU_TRAIN	92	70	-22	-24% `
COVID19	25	0	-25	-100%
DISASTERS	35	7	-28	-80%
MPLOYMENT	131	101	-30	-23% `
IRST NATIONS	278	248	-30	-11% `
MENTAL_HEALTH	1,044	1,008	-36	-3%
OUNG_PEOPLE	179	125	-54	-30%
DLDER_PEOPLE	150	81	-69	-46%
RELATIONSHIPS	605	527	-78	-13%
HOUSING	1,878	1,793	-85	-5%
ANIMALS	109	19	-90	-83%
ACILITIES	170	75	-95	-56%
ACILITIES	400	245	-155	-31



Source: Infoxchange Service Directory Search Data (2024), monthly searches for Queensland - Statistical Area Level 4 and Statistical Area Level 3, customised extract. NaN value is defined as 'not a number'

HOUSING

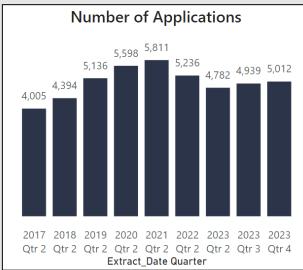


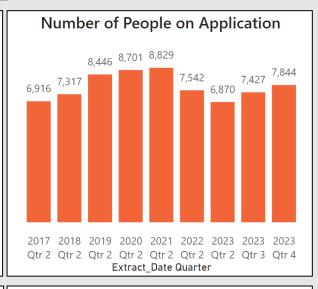
Social Housing Register Profile: Timeseries, Local Government Authority

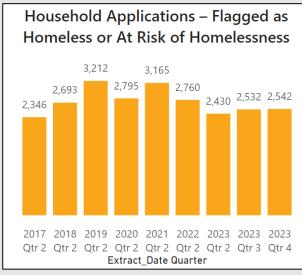


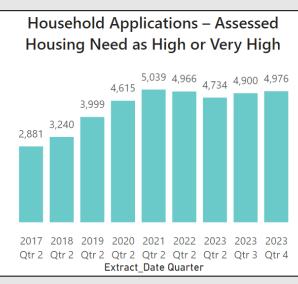
All

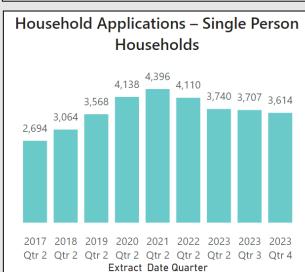


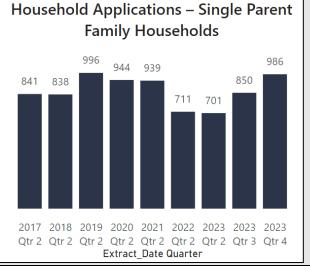


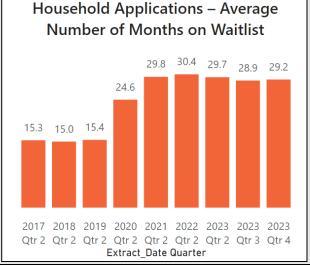


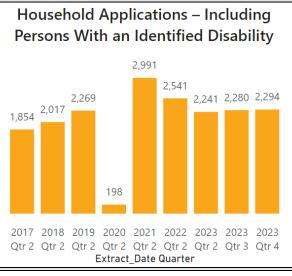










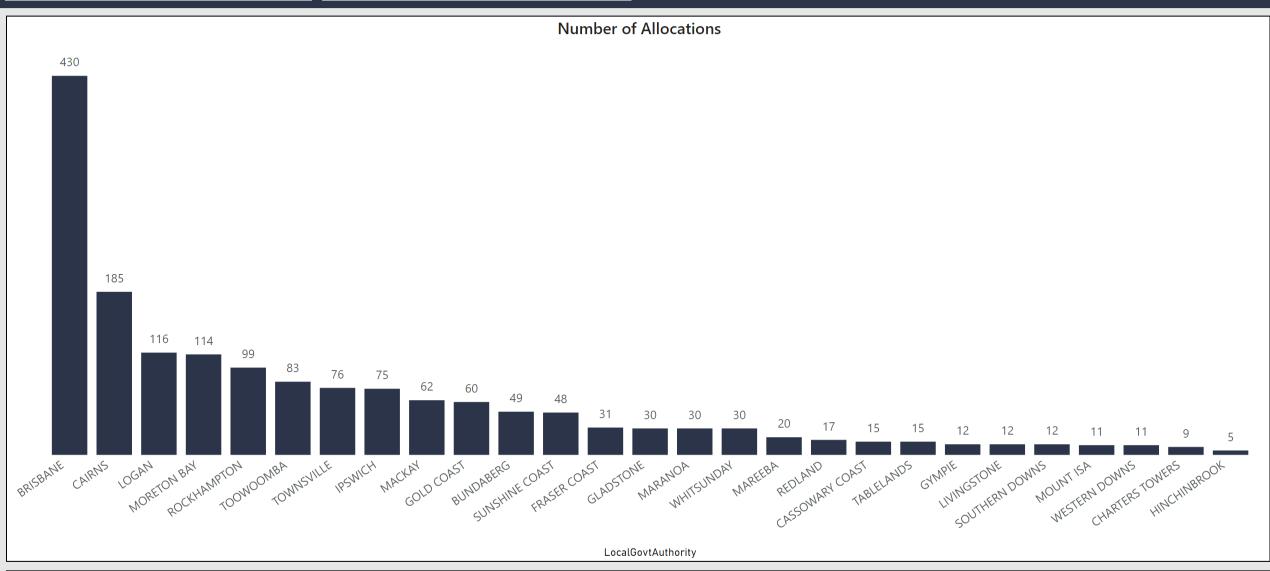


Source: Social Housing Register, accessed at data.qld.gov.au. The Social Housing Register records all applicants who meet the eligibility for social housing. 1) In 2019-20, the department implemented new technology information systems which has resulted in some changes to data structures and coding. Data comparison across years may be impacted, particularly for households including persons with an identified disability. Since 2019, the department has classified all new applicants on the register as very high need. 2) Local Government Authority and State Electorate are determined based on the applicant's first locational preference.

Allocations to Community Housing: Local Government Authority, Timeseries

June 2023 × All





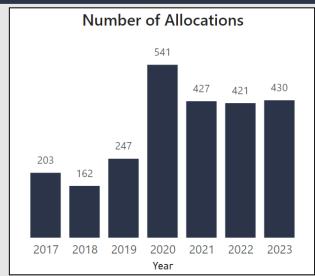
Source: Allocations to Community Housing, accessed at data.qld.gov.au as at 30 June. Accessed at https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/allocations-to-community-housing.

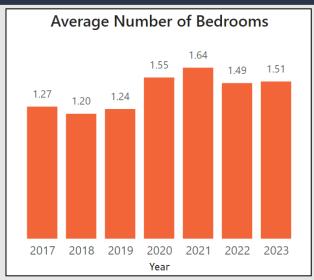
Data on allocations made to social housing delivered by registered community housing providers during the financial year. Details include housing program, property and household information. 1) In 2019-20, the department implemented new technology information systems which has resulted in some changes to data structures and coding. Data comparison across years may be impacted. Where counts are between 1 and <5, counts have been suppressed.

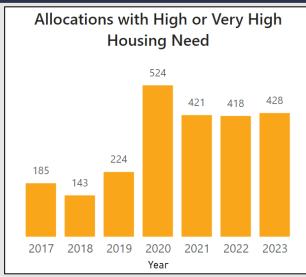
Allocations to Community Housing: Local Government Authority, Timeseries

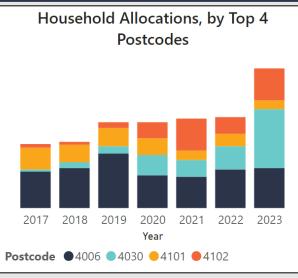


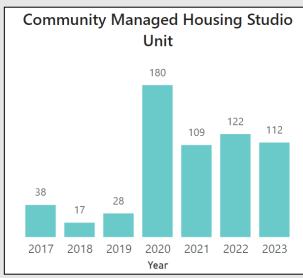


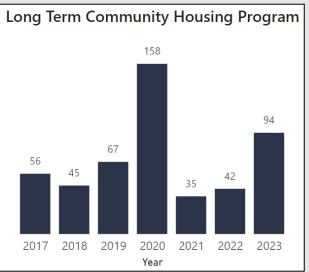


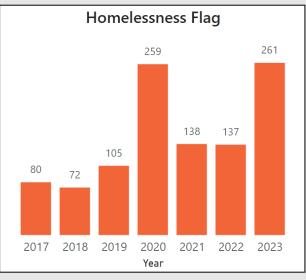


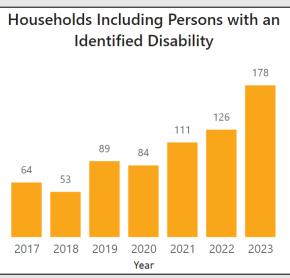












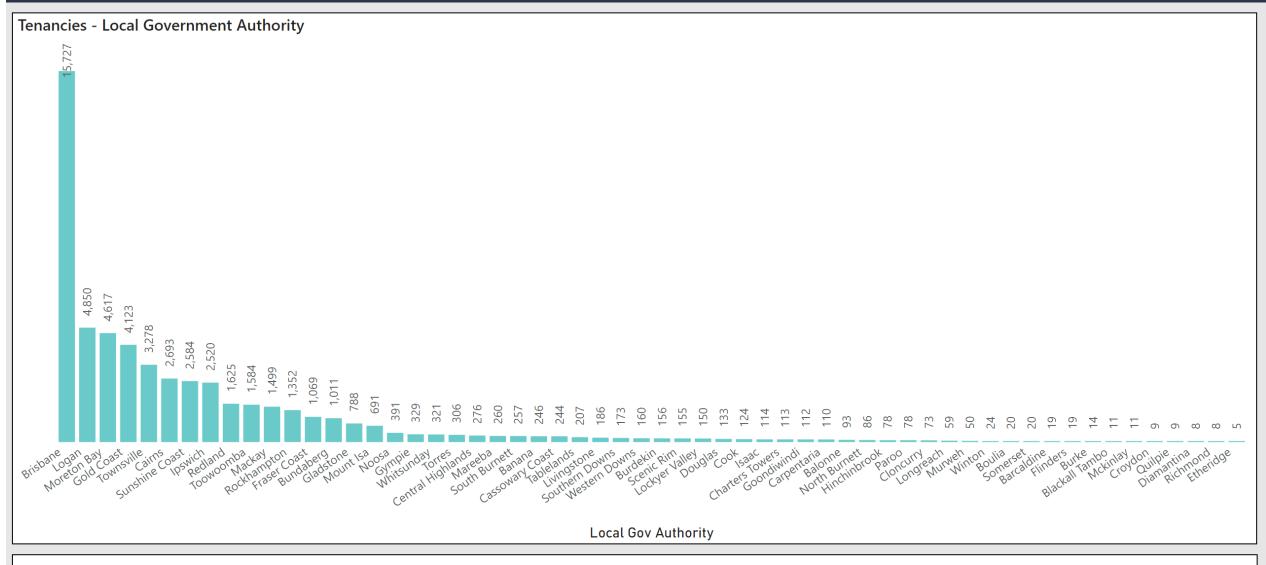
Source: Allocations to Community Housing, accessed at data.qld.gov.au as at 30 June. Accessed at https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/allocations-to-community-housing

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Tenancies: Local Government Authority, Timeseries

June 2023



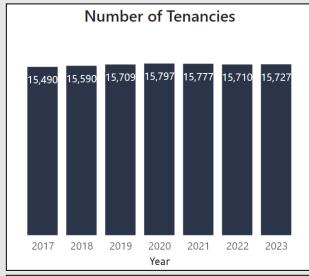


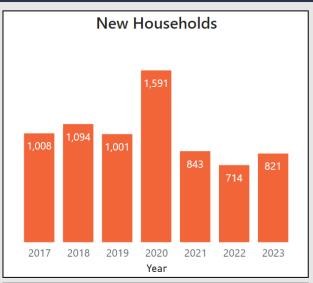
Source: Tenancies in government managed social rental housing, accessed at data.qld.gov.au as at 30 June. https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/tenancies-in-government-managed-social-housing
Data on current households in government owned and managed social rental housing at 30 June. Includes information on dwelling, rental details and household characteristics. 1) In 2019-20, the department implemented new technology information systems which has resulted in some changes to data structures and coding. Data comparison across years may be impacted. Counts greater than or equal to 1 and less than 5 have been excluded.

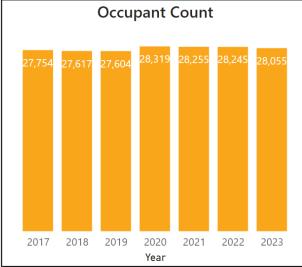
Tenancies: Local Government Authority, Timeseries

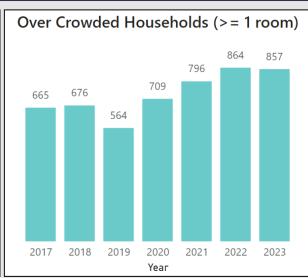
Brisbane × All



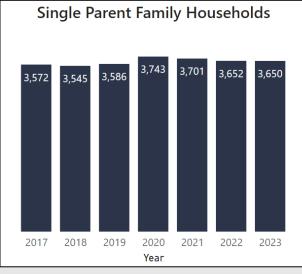


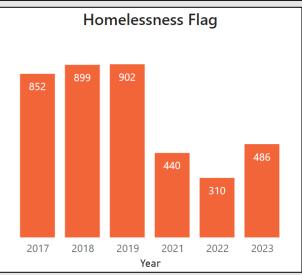


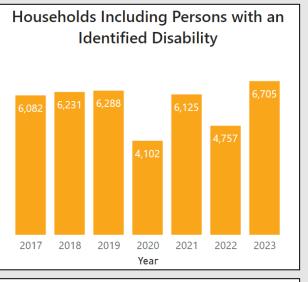












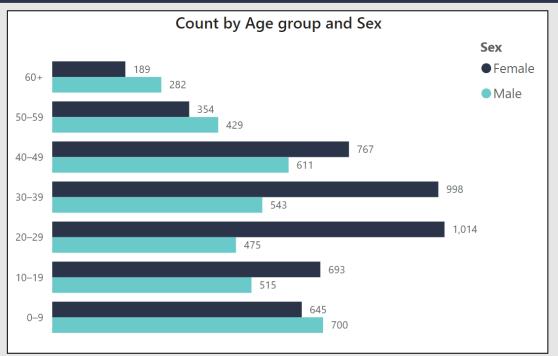
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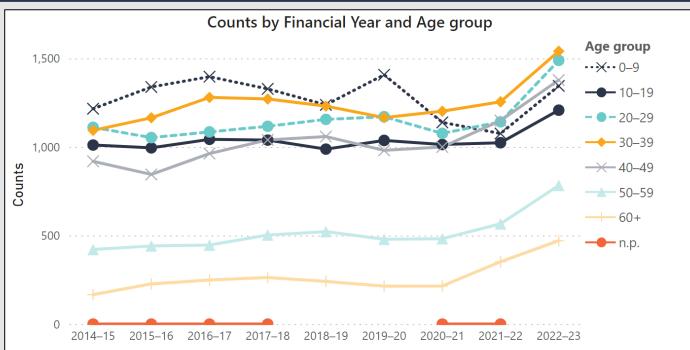
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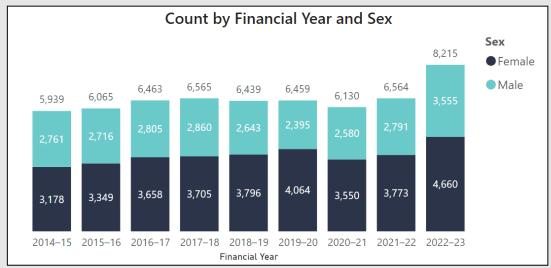
Specialist Homelessness Services Collection: Local Government Area











Source: AIHW 2024. Specialist Homelessness Services Collection data cubes 2011–12 to 2022–23. Canberra: AIHW.

To minimise the risk of identifying individuals, a technique known as perturbation has been applied to randomly adjust cells. For this reason, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals, and data may not match other published sources. Clients are assigned to a region based on where they lived in the week before presenting to an SHS agency. Clients are assigned to only one region, based on the location details provided in their first support period in the reference year. Yearly client counts should not be summed to derive longitudinal client counts because clients can access services in multiple years. For further information on data items and definitions, please see the data cubes user guide:

https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/homelessness-services/shsc-data-cubes/contents/shs-data-cubes-user-guide. For more information on the Specialist Homelessness Services Collection, please see Technical notes in the SHS annual report: https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/homelessness-services/specialist-homelessness-services-annual-report/contents/technical-notes/key-data-quality-information. For help using the AIHW Data Explorer Platform, please visit the SuperWEB2 online documentation manual: https://dataexplorer.aihw.gov.au/webapi/online-help/Getting-Started---SuperWEB2.html. Note: Where counts are between 1 and <5, counts have been suppressed.

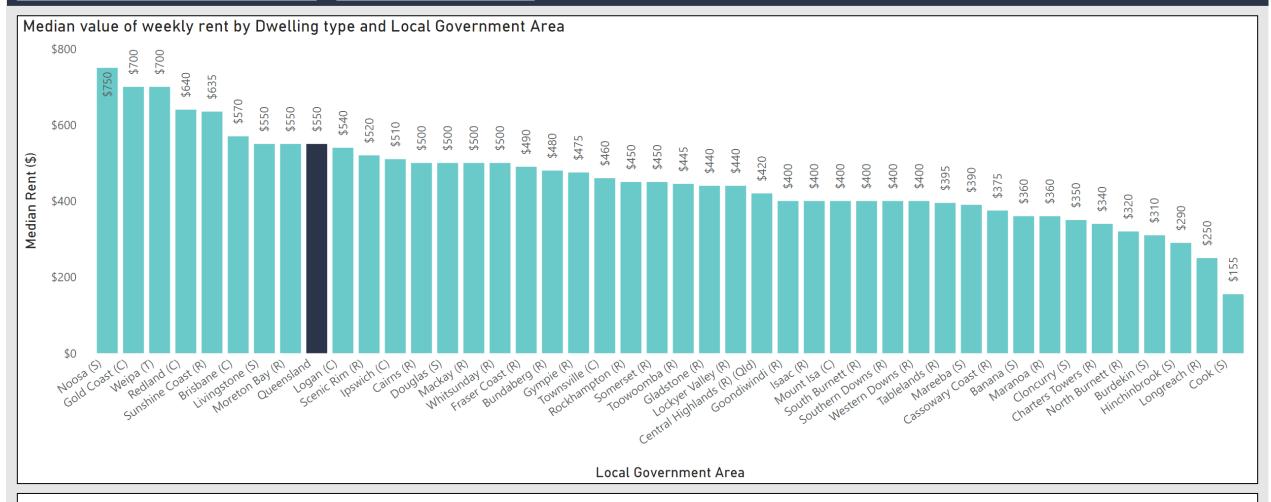
Median Rent by LGA and Dwelling Type

All dwellings

Mar-2024

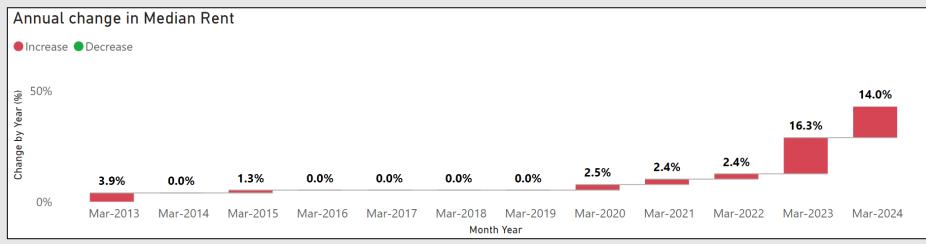






Annual Change in Median Rent by LGA and Dwelling Type







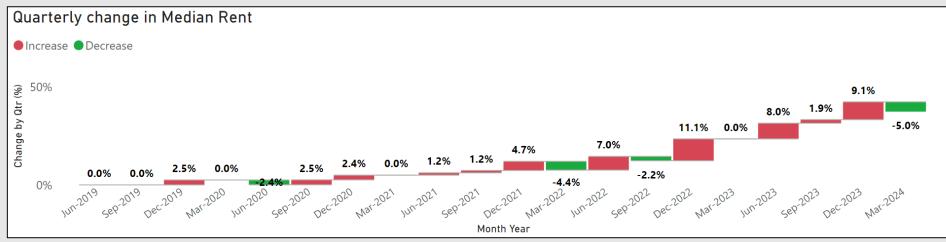
Annual change in Median Rent					
By LGA and Dwelling Type					
Dwelling type	All dwellings				
Month Year	Median Rent % Change (\$) by Year (Qtr)				
Mar-2012	\$380				
Mar-2013	\$395	3.9%			
Mar-2014	\$395	0.0%			
Mar-2015	\$400	1.3%			
Mar-2016	\$400 0.09				
Mar-2017	\$400 0.09				
Mar-2018	\$400 0.0%				
Mar-2019	\$400	0.0%			
Mar-2020	\$410	2.5%			
Mar-2021	\$420	2.4%			
Mar-2022	\$430 2.4%				
Mar-2023	\$500 16.3%				
Mar-2024	\$570	14.0%			

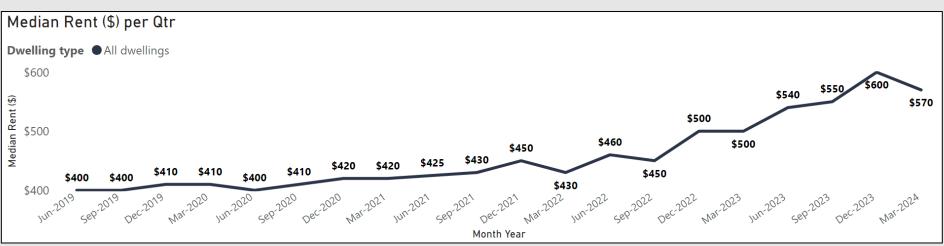
Median Rent by LGA and Dwelling Type

Brisbane (C)

All dwellings







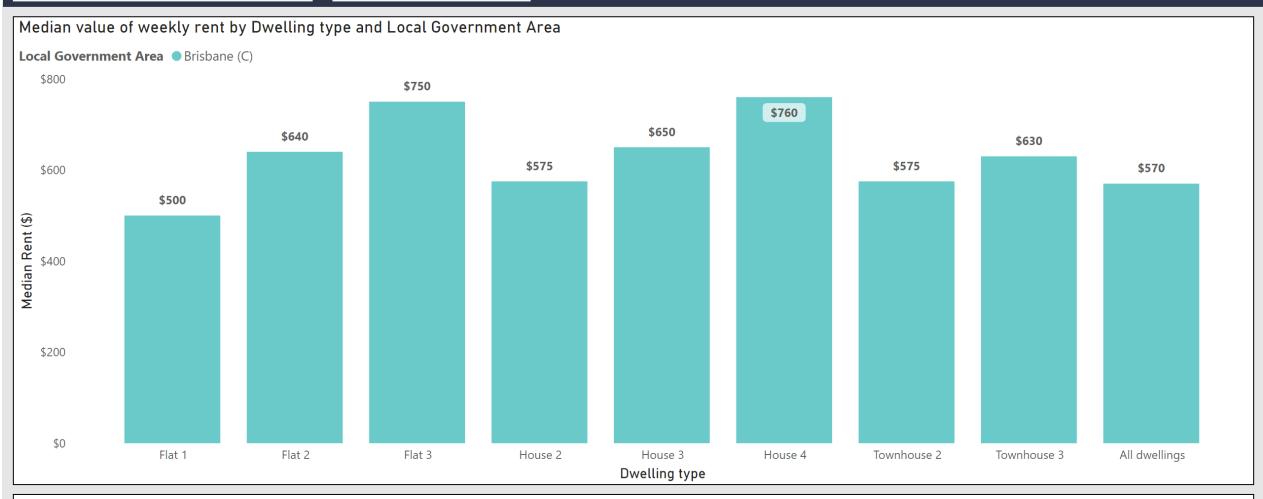
Quarterly change in Median Rent				
By LGA and Dwelling Type				
g type All dwellings				
Median Rent (\$)	% Change by Qtr			
\$400	0.0%			
\$400	0.0%			
\$410	2.5%			
\$410	0.0%			
\$400	-2.4%			
\$410	2.5%			
\$420	2.4%			
\$420	0.0%			
\$425	1.2%			
\$430	1.2%			
\$450	4.7%			
\$430	-4.4%			
\$460	7.0%			
\$450	-2.2%			
\$500	11.1%			
\$500	0.0%			
\$540	8.0%			
\$550	1.9%			
\$600	9.1%			
\$570	-5.0%			
	### All dwellings Median Rent (\$) \$400 \$400 \$410 \$410 \$410 \$420 \$420 \$425 \$430 \$450 \$450 \$500 \$500 \$550 \$600			

Median Rent by LGA and Dwelling Type

Brisbane (C)

Mar-2024





COST OF LIVING

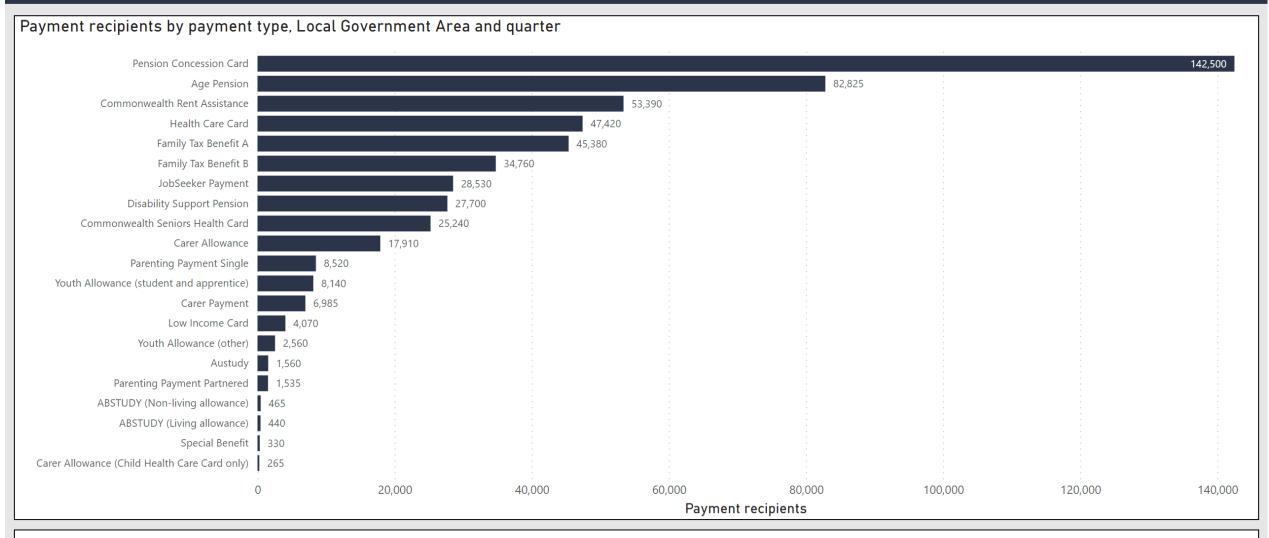


DSS Recipient Profile: Local Government Area



Brisbane



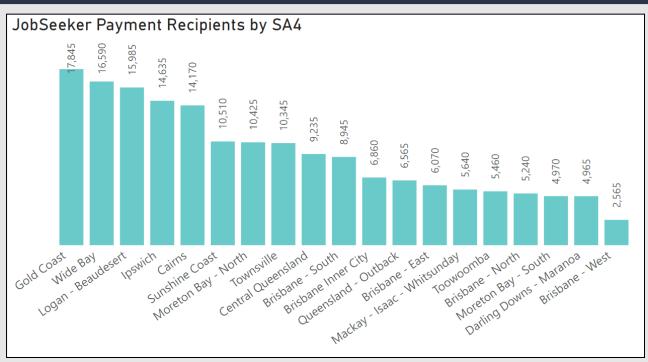


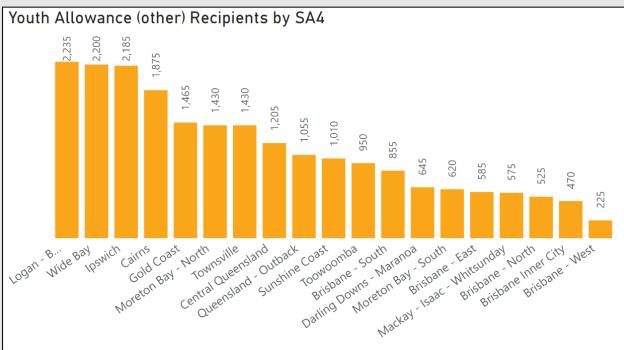
Source: Department of Social Services "DSS Payment Demographic Data", quarterly timeseries data. Available at https://data.gov.au/data/dataset/dss-payment-demographic-data
DSS payment data for Queensland: by age group, sex, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, Local Government Areas and SA2. Local Government Area has been updated to reflect the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) 2020 boundaries from March 2021. Note: JobSeeker Payment replaced Newstart Allowance and other working age payments from 20 March 2020. In order to protect individuals' privacy, identified populations between 1 and 4 have been suppressed and replaced with '<5' for confidentiality purposes.

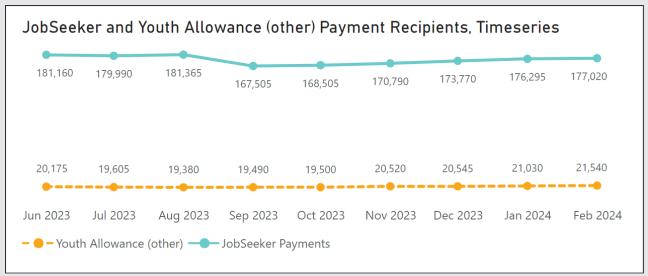
JobSeeker and Youth Allowance Recipient Profile: SA4











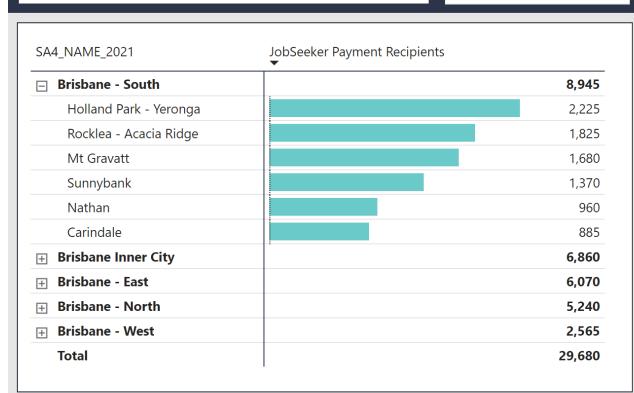
Source: Services Australia administrative data "JobSeeker Payment and Youth Allowance recipients – monthly profile", filtered by month. https://data.gov.au/data/dataset/jobseeker-payment-and-youth-allowance-recipients-monthly-profile. Recipients of JobSeeker Payment and Youth Allowance (other) who are determined to be current (including those entitled to be paid or in receipt of zero rate of payment) or suspended from payment on the Centrelink payment system. Statistical Areas based on the recipient's geo-coded address against the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) 2021. Individuals who live overseas or who are without a valid address cannot be assigned to a locational boundary (including a Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2)). These numbers are represented as 'unknown'. State/territory totals derived from Statistical Area data will not match actual state and territory totals, due to different statistical geography methodologies. Note: To protect individuals' privacy, all cells including any totals and subtotals have been rounded to the nearest 5, values from 1 to 7 are rounded to 5. Zero cells are actual zeros. This may result in non-additivity for some totals. Caution should be taken in re-calculating totals from rounded data, as this may compound the effects of rounding.

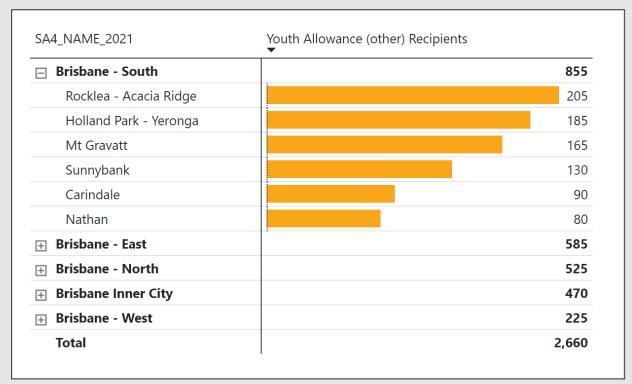
JobSeeker and Youth Allowance Recipient Profile: SA4

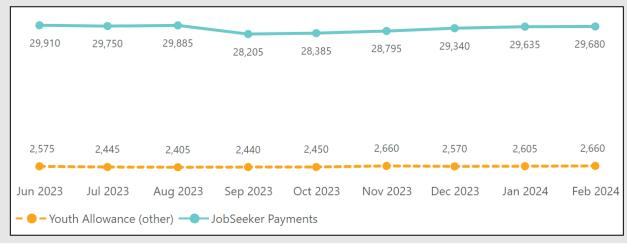
Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City

Feb-2024







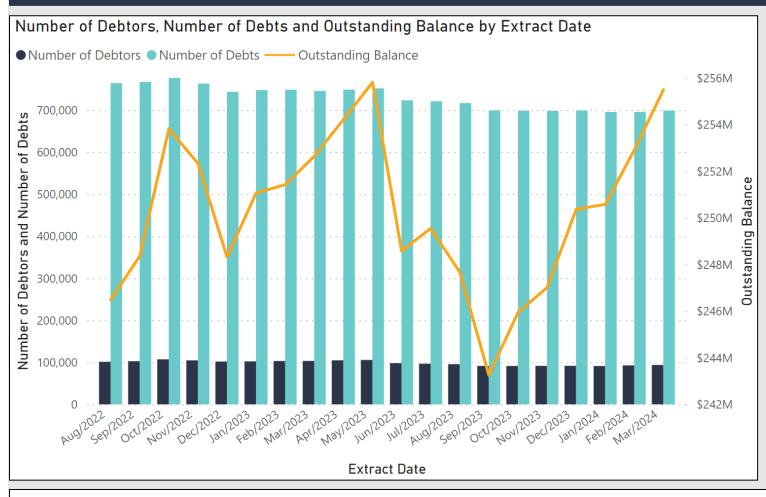


Source: Services Australia administrative data "JobSeeker Payment and Youth Allowance recipients – monthly profile", filtered by month. https://data.gov.au/data/dataset/jobseeker-payment-and-youth-allowance-recipients-monthly-profile. Recipients of JobSeeker Payment and Youth Allowance (other) who are determined to be current (including those entitled to be paid or in receipt of zero rate of payment) or suspended from payment on the Centrelink payment system. Statistical Areas based on the recipient's geo-coded address against the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) 2021. Individuals who live overseas or who are without a valid address cannot be assigned to a locational boundary (including a Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2)). These numbers are represented as 'unknown'. State/territory totals derived from Statistical Area data will not match actual state and territory totals, due to different statistical geography methodologies. Note: To protect individuals' privacy, all cells including any totals and subtotals have been rounded to the nearest 5, values from 1 to 7 are rounded to 5. Zero cells are actual zeros. This may result in non-additivity for some totals. Caution should be taken in re-calculating totals from rounded data, as this may compound the effects of rounding.

SPER debt by SA4 regions

Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City





Extract Date	Number of Debtors	Number of Debts	Outstanding Balance	Average Balance per Debtor	Average Debts per Debtor
Aug/2022	101,143	764,183	\$246,485,000	\$2,400	7.42
Sep/2022	102,579	767,006	\$248,359,000	\$2,385	7.34
Oct/2022	107,039	776,559	\$253,818,000	\$2,347	7.15
Nov/2022	104,546	763,169	\$252,335,000	\$2,380	7.17
Dec/2022	101,835	743,508	\$248,321,000	\$2,399	7.14
Jan/2023	102,132	747,716	\$251,070,000	\$2,419	7.16
Feb/2023	103,083	748,569	\$251,419,000	\$2,396	7.10
Mar/2023	103,285	745,680	\$252,645,000	\$2,402	7.06
Apr/2023	104,671	748,705	\$254,212,000	\$2,388	7.00
May/2023	105,525	751,738	\$255,814,000	\$2,378	6.96
Jun/2023	97,980	723,188	\$248,576,000	\$2,481	7.18
Jul/2023	96,684	720,966	\$249,544,000	\$2,518	7.24
Aug/2023	95,408	716,940	\$247,667,000	\$2,536	7.31
Sep/2023	91,425	699,260	\$243,248,000	\$2,592	7.43
Oct/2023	91,310	698,733	\$245,939,000	\$2,619	7.42
Nov/2023	91,452	698,044	\$247,009,000	\$2,626	7.40
Dec/2023	91,573	699,071	\$250,361,000	\$2,656	7.40
Jan/2024	91,206	695,604	\$250,579,000	\$2,668	7.39
Feb/2024	92,612	695,809	\$252,915,000	\$2,642	7.26
Mar/2024	93,640	698,868	\$255,492,000	\$2,633	7.21

Source: "SPER Debt by SA4 Regions in Queensland", current data month accessed at: https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/sper-debt-by-sa4-regions-in-queensland

Notes: State Penalties Enforcement Registry (SPER) debts can start with unpaid fines and penalties, and can be referred to SPER by various agencies: courts, state government and other local government authorities. This data shows a breakdown of all types of debt registered with SPER, reported as at a current point in time (based on extract date). This data is a breakdown of the outstanding debt based on current debtor addresses. As debtors may have multiple addresses registered with SPER, the allocation of debt to an SA4 region is based on their most current address available. It is possible that some debt may be reported under different SA4 regions over time, due to debtor relocation or identification of new address information by SPER. Figures are reported using the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Postcodes to Statistical Area Level 4 correspondences tables (Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics Cat. No. 1270.0.55.006). Where no Statistical Area Level 4 is available for a postcode, it has been listed as "Other QLD". Populations vary significantly between SA4 regions. This data does not account for differences in population and caution should be taken in drawing direct comparisons between region based on outstanding debt levels. Additional information on the SPER dataset including definitions and explanatory notes can be accessed through the data source URL link.

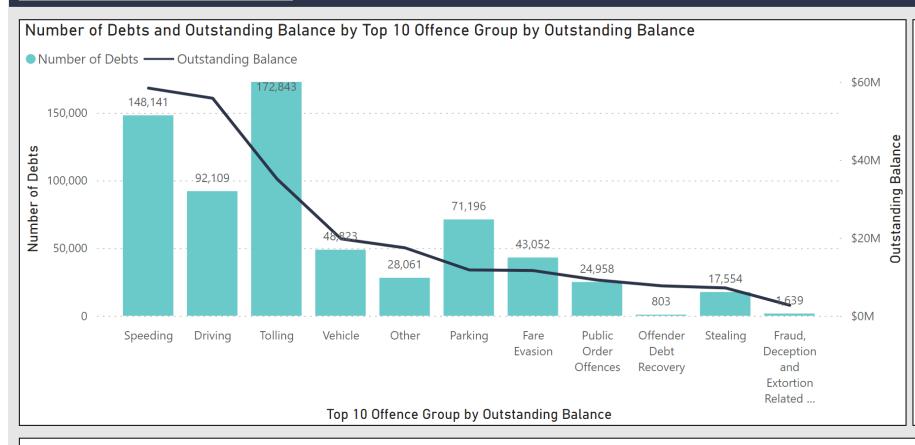
SPER debt by SA4 regions, top 10 offence groups

Mar/2024

 \checkmark

Brisbane: East, North, South, West and Inner City





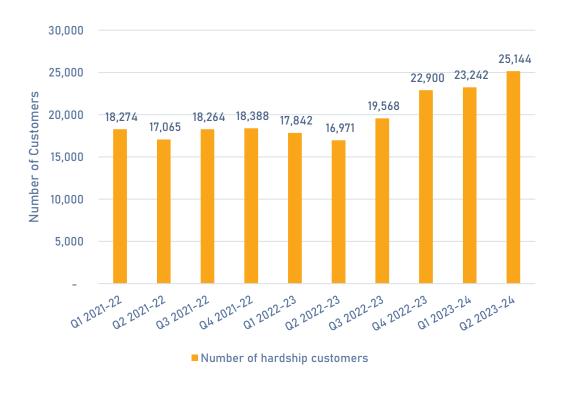
Number of Debts and Outstanding Balance by Top 10 Offence Group by Outstanding Balance					
Top 10 Offence Group by Outstanding Balance	Number of Debts	Outstanding Balance			
Speeding	148,141	\$58,400,000			
Driving	92,109	\$55,808,000			
Tolling	172,843	\$35,157,000			
Vehicle	48,823	\$19,747,000			
Other	28,061	\$17,424,000			
Parking	71,196	\$11,758,000			
Fare Evasion	43,052	\$11,587,000			
Public Order Offences	24,958	\$9,163,000			
Offender Debt Recovery	803	\$7,664,000			
Stealing	17,554	\$7,123,000			
Fraud, Deception and Extortion Related Offences	1,639	\$2,701,000			
Total	649,179	\$236,532,000			

Source: "SPER Debt by SA4 Regions and Top 10 Offence Groups in Queensland", current data month accessed at: https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/sper-debt-by-sa4-regions-and-top-10-offence-groups-in-queensland
Notes: State Penalties Enforcement Registry (SPER) debts can start with unpaid fines and penalties, and can be referred to SPER by various agencies: courts, state government and other local government authorities. This data shows a breakdown of all types of debt registered with SPER, reported as at a current point in time (based on extract date). The top 10 offence groups for each SA4 region are included only. Where there is missing information for an offence group or SA4, that should not be interpreted as a count of 0 or an outstanding balance of 0, rather that the offence group category was not included in the top 10 offence group for that region. Therefore, totals are considered a count of the total for the top 10 offence groups only (based on outstanding balance).

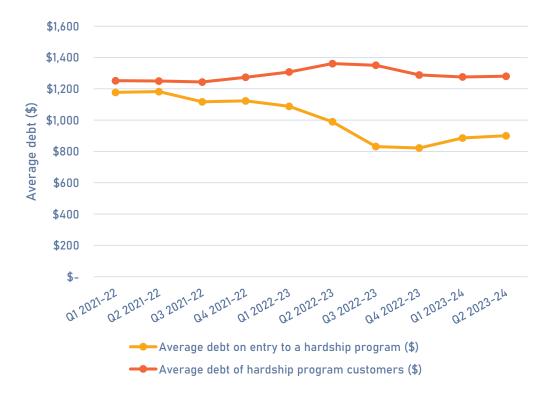
This data is a breakdown of the outstanding debt based on current debtor addresses. As debtors may have multiple addresses registered with SPER, the allocation of debt to an SA4 region is based on their most current address available. It is possible that some debt may be reported under different SA4 regions over time, due to debtor relocation or identification of new address information by SPER. Figures are reported using the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Postcodes to Statistical Area Level 4 correspondences tables (Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics Cat. No. 1270.0.55.006). Where no Statistical Area Level 4 is available for a postcode, it has been listed as "Other QLD". Populations vary significantly between SA4 regions. This data does not account for differences in population and caution should be taken in drawing direct comparisons between region based on outstanding debt levels. Additional information on the SPER dataset, including definitions of offence groups can be accessed here: Explanatory notes for SPER debt by SA4 regions and top 10 offence groups in Queensland (publications.qld.gov.au)

ENERGY HARDSHIP

1) Number of hardship customers

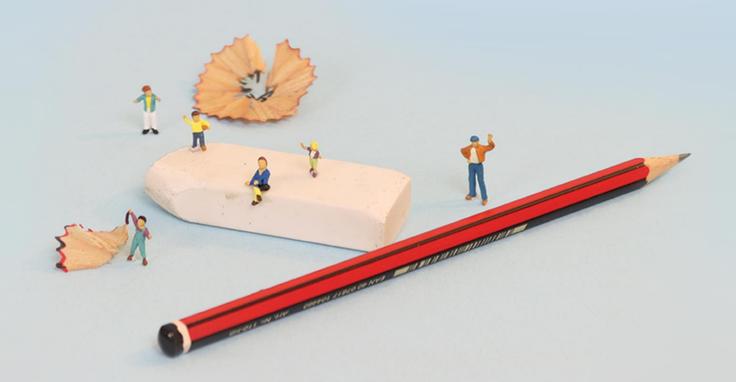


2) Average debt of hardship program participants



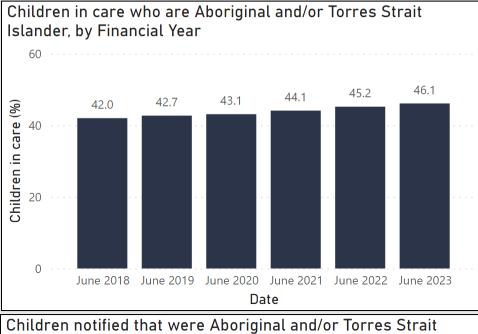
The number of hardship customers has been rising since quarter 2 of 2022-23 (graph 1). The average debt of hardship program customers is higher than the average debt at the time of entry to a hardship program (graph 2). This indicates that debt levels are rising after entering a hardship program.

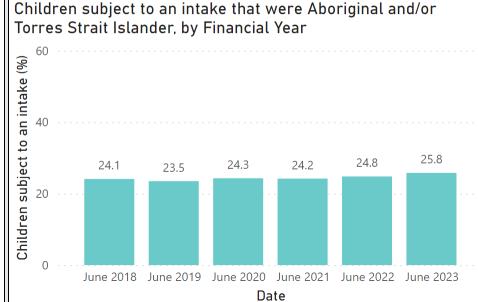
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES



Child Protection - Queensland Data







Source: Department of Child Safety, Seniors and Disability Services. 'Over-representation in the child protection system'
https://performance.cyjma.qld.gov.au/?

domain=4ng99xeqmb60&subdomain=5ig7j3pc2eg0&t

ab=62qyodi7kn00

Definition Notes: Children in care: The provision of care outside the family home to children who are in need of protection or who require a safe placement while their protection and safety needs are assessed. In accordance with nationally agreed reporting definitions, data for children in care refers to children placed with kin, other home-based carers or residential care services. Intake: Refers to the process by which Child Safety receives and gathers information about harm or risk of harm to a child or an unborn child who may be at risk of harm after he or she is born and determines the appropriate response to the information received. Intake processes are initiated when professionals, family members or members of the public contact Regional Intake Services or Child Safety Service Centres with concerns about a child. Notification: A notification is recorded where there is a reasonable suspicion that a child is in need of protection, that is, a child has been significantly harmed, is being significantly harmed, or is at risk of significant harm, and does not have a parent able and willing to protect them. Substantiated: The outcome of an investigation and assessment where it is assessed suffering, or is at unacceptable risk of suffering future,

willing to protect them. **Substantiated:** The outcome of an investigation and assessment where it is assessed that the child or young person has suffered, is suffering, or is at unacceptable risk of suffering future significant harm.

June 2018 June 2019 June 2020 June 2021 June 2022 June 2023

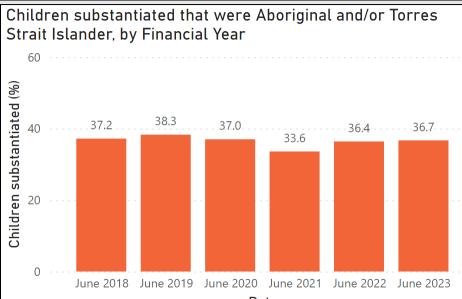
Date

Date

willing to protect them. **Substantiated:** The outcome of an investigation and assessment where it is assessed that the child or young person has suffered, is suffering, or is at unacceptable risk of suffering future significant harm.

For further information and data counting rules, visit the source data.





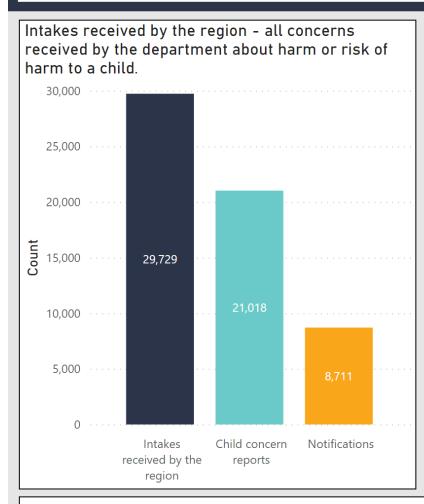
Child Protection - Regional Data

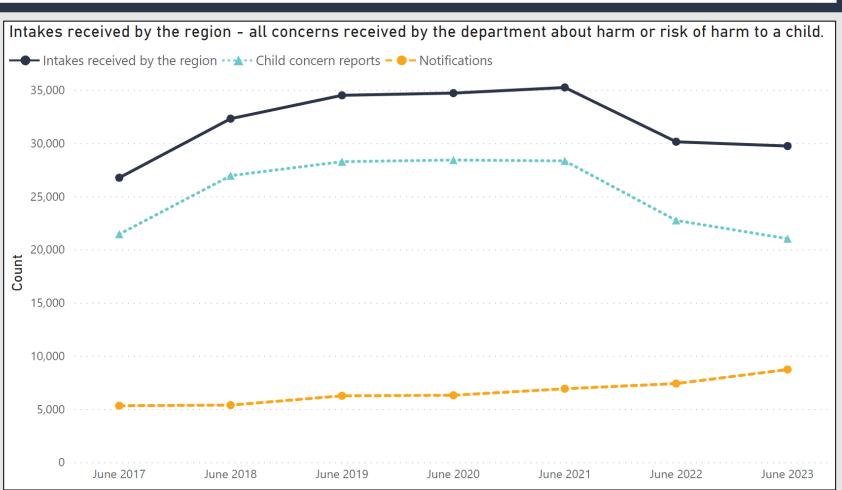
June 2023

Brisbane and Moreton Bay



Intakes received by the region - all concerns received by the department about harm or risk of harm to a child.





Source: Department of Child Safety, Seniors and Disability Services. 'Table Scc.1: Child protection summary statistics, by region' https://performance.cyjma.qld.gov.au/?domain=15ze1620dnkw&subdomain=64vpii035lc0
Notes: (a) Family support services includes a rolling 12 months of data for each reference period taken from a snapshot 10 days post the reference period. (b) Families receiving a Family Wellbeing Service (FWS) or an Intensive Family Support service (IFS) includes all families where the case remained open at some point during the reference period irrespective of when it was created and/or closed. IFS and FWS cases only include those where consent was received. (c) Concerns received by child safety and Investigation and Assessment data is for the year ending the reference date (12 months of data). (d) Ongoing support figures are point in time, as at final day of reference period.

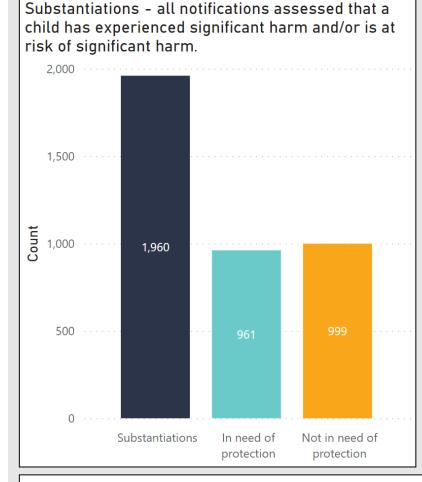
Child Protection - Regional Data

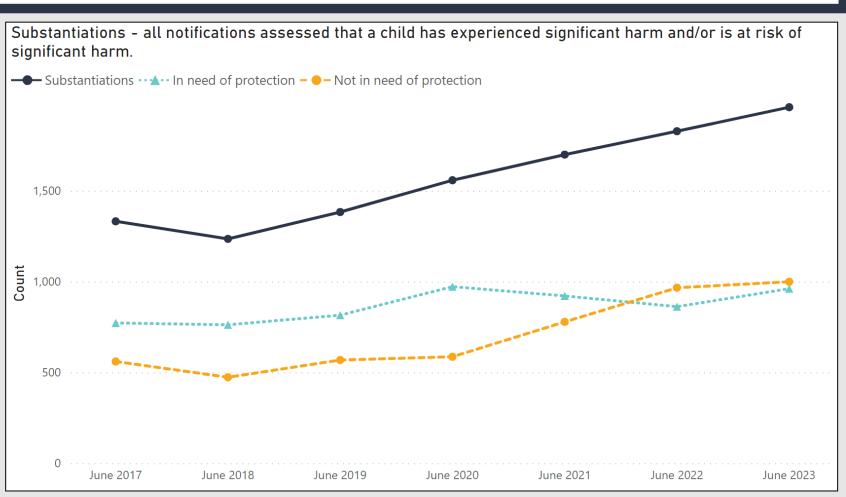
June 2023 →

Brisbane and Moreton Bay



Substantiations - all notifications assessed that a child has experienced significant harm and/or is at risk of significant harm.





Source: Department of Child Safety, Seniors and Disability Services. 'Table Scc.1: Child protection summary statistics, by region' https://performance.cyjma.qld.gov.au/?domain=15ze1620dnkw&subdomain=64vpii035lc0
Notes: (a) Family support services includes a rolling 12 months of data for each reference period taken from a snapshot 10 days post the reference period. (b) Families receiving a Family Wellbeing Service (FWS) or an Intensive Family Support service (IFS) includes all families where the case remained open at some point during the reference period irrespective of when it was created and/or closed. IFS and FWS cases only include those where consent was received. (c) Concerns received by child safety and Investigation and Assessment data is for the year ending the reference date (12 months of data). (d) Ongoing support figures are point in time, as at final day of reference period.

Youth Detention Population, by State

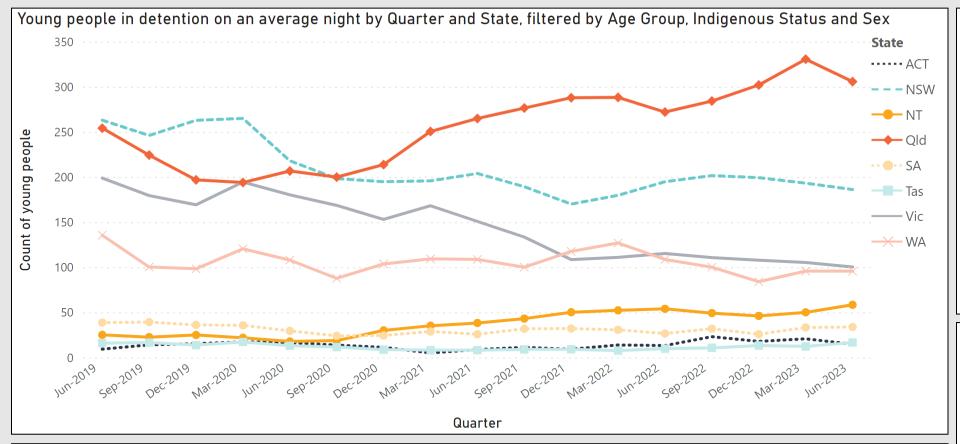
All ages

Young People

Total

Jun-2023





Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2023. Youth detention population in Australia 2023: Table S1 - Table S15. Accessed at https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/youth-justice/youth-detention-population-in-australia-2023/data. Data is for young people in detention on an average night, by age group, sex, Indigenous status and Australian states and territories. The youth detention data is for 'All detention' categories, including unsentenced detention and sentenced detention. The age on an average night each quarter is calculated based on the age a young person is each night that they are in detention. If a young person changes age during a period of detention, then the average nightly number in detention will reflect this. For example, where a young person turns 18 during a period of detention, any nights spent in detention (sentenced or unsentenced) aged 18 will only be counted in quarterly average nightly population for the 18+ age group. Similarly, nights spent in detention before a young person has turned 18 will only be counted in the 10–17 age group. Average nightly data broken down by age is not comparable to Youth detention population in Australia releases prior to 2020. The average nightly population is calculated by adding the duration (in nights) of each period of detention that falls within the quarter, and dividing the summed duration by the number of nights in the quarter. Components of tables may not sum to the totals due to rounding.

Count of young people in detention on an average night by Sex and State, filtered by Age Group, Indigenous Status and Qtr Year

State	Female	Male	Total
Aust	85.6	726.0	811.6
Qld	41.3	264.5	305.8
NSW	10.2	176.0	186.2
Vic	5.2	95.1	100.3
WA	7.8	87.9	95.7
NT	8.1	50.4	58.4
SA	7.8	26.0	33.9
Tas	3.8	12.8	16.6
ACT	1.5	13.2	14.7

Count of young people in detention on an average night by Age Group and State, filtered by Indigenous Status, Sex and Qtr Year

State	10–13	All ages	10–13
	years	•	years %
Aust	41.0	811.6	5.1%
Qld	21.6	305.8	7.1%
NSW	6.4	186.2	3.4%
Vic	1.4	100.3	1.4%
WA	5.4	95.7	5.6%
NT	3.1	58.4	5.4%
SA	0.8	33.9	2.4%
Tas	2.0	16.6	11.8%
ACT	0.3	14.7	2.2%

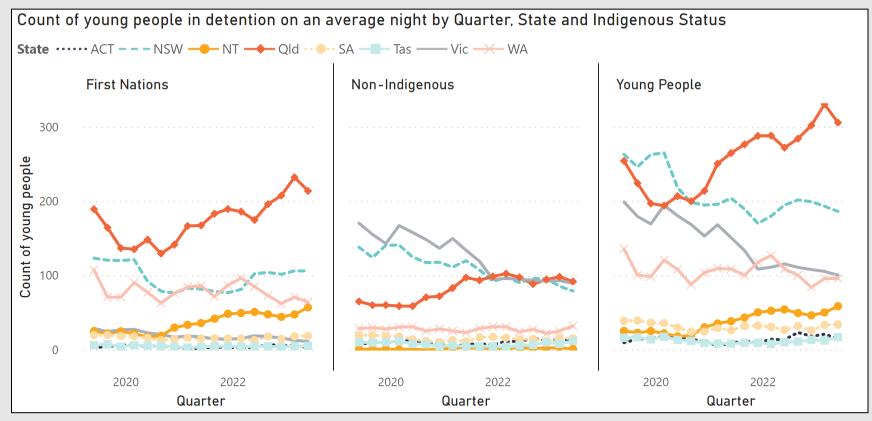
Youth Detention Population, by State

All ages

Jun-2023







Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2023. Youth detention population in Australia 2023: Table S1 - Table S15. Accessed at https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/youth-justice/youth-detention-population-in-australia-2023/data. Data is for young people in detention on an average night, by age group, sex, Indigenous status and Australian states and territories. The youth detention data is for 'All detention' categories, including unsentenced detention and sentenced detention. The age on an average night each quarter is calculated based on the age a young person is each night that they are in detention. If a young person changes age during a period of detention, then the average nightly number in detention will reflect this. For example, where a young person turns 18 during a period of detention, any nights spent in detention (sentenced or unsentenced) aged 18 will only be counted in quarterly average nightly population for the 18+ age group. Similarly, nights spent in detention before a young person has turned 18 will only be counted in the 10–17 age group. Average nightly data broken down by age is not comparable to Youth detention population in Australia releases prior to 2020. The average nightly population is calculated by adding the duration (in nights) of each period of detention that falls within the quarter, and dividing the summed duration by the number of nights in the quarter. Components of tables may not sum to the totals due to rounding.

•	ung people in o e Group, State		
State	First	Non-	Young
	Nations	Indiaenous	People

	Nations	Indigenous	People
Aust			
All ages	477.9	331.5	811.6
10–13 years	30.0	10.8	41.0
Qld			
All ages	213.7	91.8	305.8
10–13 years	17.1	4.5	21.6
NSW			
All ages	106.0	78.9	186.2
10–13 years	5.5	0.9	6.4
Vic			
All ages	10.9	89.3	100.3
10–13 years	0.2	1.2	1.4
WA			
All ages	63.9	31.8	95.7
10–13 years	3.3	2.1	5.4
NT			
All ages	56.9	0.9	58.4
10–13 years	3.0		3.1
SA			
All ages	18.6	15.3	33.9
10–13 years	0.5	0.3	0.8
Tas			
All ages	4.9	11.7	16.6
10–13 years	0.4	1.5	2.0
ACT			
All ages	2.9	11.8	14.7
	l .		

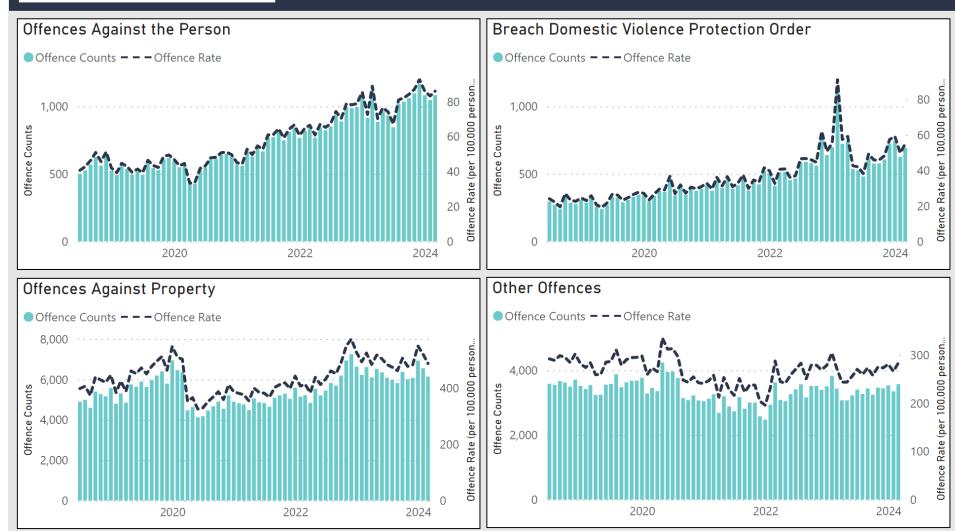
Reported Offences: Local Government Areas

Brisbane City Council



858

10,801



01/07/2018 01/0	03/2024	
		0—0
Total Reported (Year	Offences by	/ Month and
Month Year	Offence Counts	Offence Rate
January 2023	11,2	219 891
February 2023	10,9	969 871
March 2023	11,1	63 886
April 2023	10,0	799
May 2023	10,5	554 838
June 2023	10,5	509 834
July 2023	10,3	841 821
August 2023	10,2	268 815
September 2023	10,2	297 818
October 2023	10,6	848
November 2023	10,5	573 839
December 2023	10,6	592 849
January 2024	11,5	548 917
February 2024	10,9	955 870

March 2024

Source: Queensland Government, Queensland Police Service. "LGA Reported offences number" and "LGA Reported offences rates" data extracts, filtered by month. Accessed at https://www.police.qld.gov.au/maps-and-statistics Data displayed includes the number of reported offences and the number of reported offences per 100,000 persons for Queensland. Note: Care should be taken when comparing monthly statistics, for example January 2014 compared with February 2014. A more accurate comparison would be obtained by comparing a longer time series, for example, one calendar year to the next, as this will account for seasonal variations. Should you require any assistance in interpreting these statistics, please contact Statistical Services, QPS. Offence counts are excluded where counts are greater than or equal to 1 and less than 5.

Reported Offenders: Local Government Areas

Brisbane City Council



1,022

967

1.052

976

5.552

5,691

5,581

5,536

5.671

5,655



01/07/2018 01/0	3/2024	0	<u> </u>
Total Reported C Year	Offenders	by Mon	th and
Month Year	Adult	Juvenile	Total
January 2023	4,690	1,320	6,010
February 2023	4,465	702	5,167
March 2023	4,754	1,029	5,783
April 2023	3,884	741	4,625
May 2023	4,348	923	5,271
June 2023	4,528	840	5,368
July 2023	4,927	891	5,818
August 2023	4,651	887	5,538
September 2023	4,564	911	5,475

4,530

4,724

4,671

4,594

4,619

4,679

October 2023

November 2023

December 2023

January 2024

March 2024

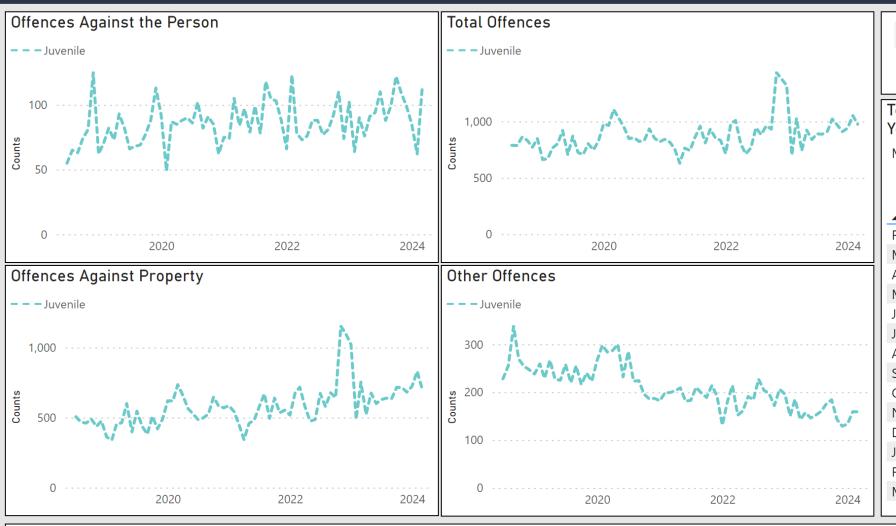
February 2024

Source: Queensland Government, Queensland Police Service. "LGA Reported offenders number" data extract, filtered by month. Accessed at https://www.police.qld.gov.au/maps-and-statistics Data displayed contains information relating to persons responsible for offences. It is important to note that QPS offender statistics are based on offence counts and do not and cannot refer to individuals. Rather, offender data refers to the number of offences cleared or solved through an action against an offender. As such, offender data does not equate to a unique offender count nor does it equate to the number of offences cleared. Only persons 10 years and over are deemed to be offenders. As at 12 February 2018, juvenile offenders are those persons aged between 10 and 17 years (inclusive). Before this date juvenile offenders were persons aged between 10 and 16 years (inclusive). Offenders have not been included if their age or gender is not specified in QPS records. Counts are excluded where counts are greater than or equal to 1 and less than 5.

Reported Youth Offenders: Local Government Areas







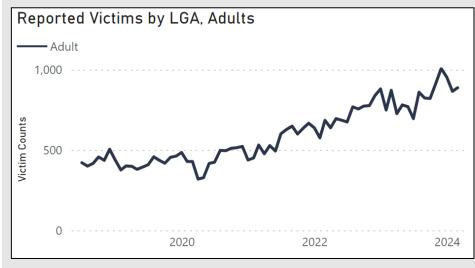
01/07/2018 01	/03/2024					
			0	<u> </u>		
Total Reported Youth Offenders by Month and						
Year						
Month Year	Offences Against Property	Offences Against the Person	Other Offences	Total		
February 2023	488	64	150	702		
March 2023	754	90	185	1,029		
April 2023	522	76	143	741		
May 2023	675	91	157	923		
June 2023	600	94	146	840		
July 2023	629	110	152	891		
August 2023	639	88	160	887		
September 2023	636	99	176	911		
October 2023	716	122	184	1,022		
November 2023	715	109	143	967		
December 2023	682	99	129	910		
January 2024	724	85	133	942		
February 2024	831	62	159	1,052		
March 2024	705	112	159	976		

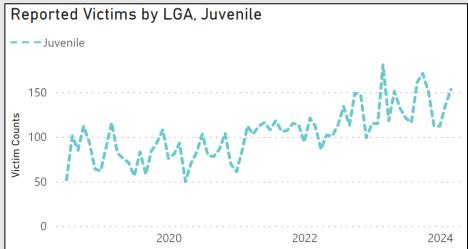
Source: Queensland Government, Queensland Police Service. "LGA Reported offenders number" data extract, filtered by month. Accessed at https://www.police.qld.gov.au/maps-and-statistics Data displayed contains information relating to persons responsible for offences. It is important to note that QPS offender statistics are based on offence counts and do not and cannot refer to individuals. Rather, offender data refers to the number of offences cleared or solved through an action against an offender. As such, offender data does not equate to a unique offender count nor does it equate to the number of offences cleared. Only persons 10 years and over are deemed to be offenders. As at 12 February 2018, juvenile offenders are those persons aged between 10 and 17 years (inclusive). Before this date juvenile offenders were persons aged between 10 and 16 years (inclusive). Offenders have not been included if their age or gender is not specified in QPS records. Counts are excluded where counts are greater than or equal to 1 and less than 5.

Reported Victims: Local Government Areas

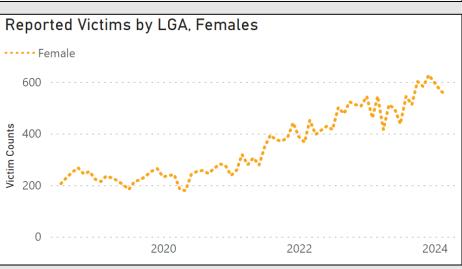


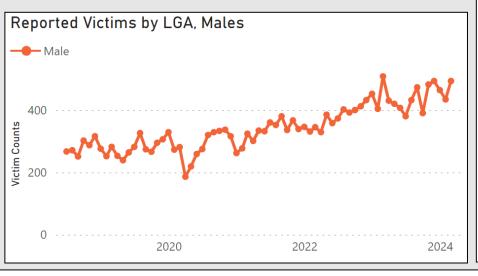












Reported Victims by LGA, Month and Year						
Month Year	Adult	Juvenile	Total			
January 2023	881	115	996			
February 2023	749	115	864			
March 2023	872	181	1,053			
April 2023	727	118	845			
May 2023	781	151	932			
June 2023	770	132	902			
July 2023	696	121	817			
August 2023	860	116	976			
September 2023	824	161	985			
October 2023	821	171	992			
November 2023	914	150	1,064			
December 2023	1,008	112	1,120			
January 2024	954	112	1,066			
February 2024	866	136	1,002			
March 2024	888	153	1,041			

Source: Queensland Government, Queensland Police Service. "LGA Reported victims number" data extract, filtered by month. Accessed at https://www.police.qld.gov.au/maps-and-statistics
Data displayed contains information relating to victims of offences against the person. They do not provide a unique count as one person may be counted several times if they were the victim of more than one

offence. Juvenile victims are those aged between and including zero and 17 years. Victims have not been included if their age or gender is not specified in Queensland Police Service records. Victim counts are excluded where counts are greater than or equal to 1 and less than 5.

QCOSS DATA POINT.

We've assembled key data sources, data tools and data visualisations that are user-friendly and publicly available to support non-profit organisations in making informed decisions and leveraging data effectively.



WWW.QCOSS.ORG.AU/DATAPOINT